KEEP POSTED BY SUBSCRIBING FOR THE GOLDFIELD NEWS—TODAY—THE LEADING MINING PAPER OF THE WEST

The GOLDFIELD NEWS and WEEKLY TRIBUNE

GOLDFIELD
District has an area of 60 square miles of which less than one per cent has already produced over $100,000,000.

GOLDFIELD
Has produced 10 per cent of Nevada's mineral output from less than half of one thousandth of one per cent of its area.

News and Tribune. Vol. 20. No. 1 | The Goldfield News. Volume 28. No. 1 | Goldfield Weekly Tribune. Volume No. 52

GOLDFIELD, NEVADA, FRIDAY, JULY 15, 1932

PRICE TEN CENTS

COMPANIES PLANNING WORK AT DIAMONDFIELD

DISTRICT HAS LARGE ACREAGE OF UNDEVELOPED TERRITORY TO BE PROSPECTED

Two companies—the Great Bend Limited and the Reorganized Jumbo Extension—are planning on starting development work in the Diamondfield section of the Goldfield district shortly.

The district has been productive of several million dollars and contains a large acreage of undeveloped territory with wonderful possibilities of exposing a large tonnage of profitable ores.

Peter Kretz and John Stahl, who are leasing on the Daisy estate in the Diamondfield section, are now driving a crosscut from the 130-foot point on an old shaft to get under ore found from the bottom of a 60-foot prospect hole last summer. The shaft from which they are working is in excellent condition and the leasers are planning on installing a hoist.

———:o:———

MAY BUILD MILL FOR LAST HOPE MINE AT GILBERT

In lieu of their present lease on the Mammoth and Lase Hope mines at Gilbert, Esmeralda county, Nevada, the Gilbert brothers have arranged for a lease and option to purchase, it was announced this week by Fred Gilbert, who has been in Reno for several days, states the Reno Gazette.

In the event the deal is made it is proposed to finance the erection of a mill to treat ore from both properties, and especially those of the Last Hope, where there is a large tonnage in sight that shows a minimum value of over $9 a ton.

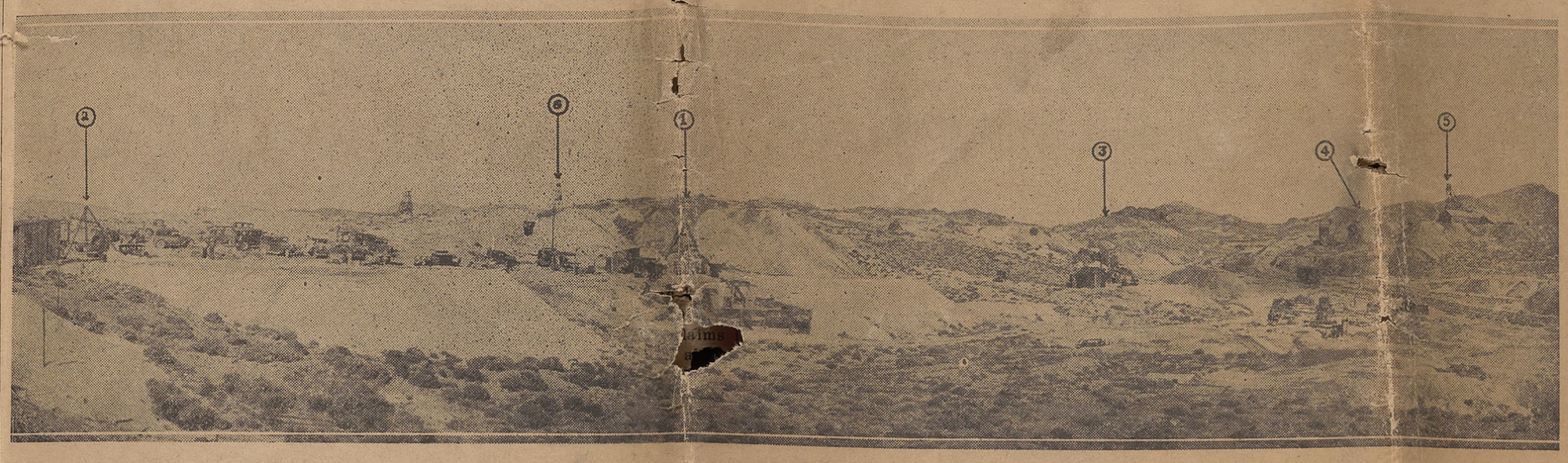
The ore is blocked out down nearly to the 100-foot level, where a roll displaced it, but later it is proposed to pick it up in a tunnel that was run some time ago by a leaser, but which must be extended probably 200 feet to reach the objective.

In the meantime work is continuing in the Mammoth where drag ore that carries a large amount of gold and copper is being followed near a fault. The work is being done through a winze from the 160-foot level.

———:o:———

Goldfield News and Weekly Tribune—$2 a year; $1 six months.

PANORAMIC VIEW OF GOLDFIELD ACTIVITIES



(1) Fitzgerald and Svorcan high grade lease on Jumbo claim of Goldfield Consolidated. (2) Schultz and Staplin lease on Jumbo claim. (3) Forsyth and Brown lease on Combination Fraction and Florence Mine section of estate of Goldfield Deep Mines Company of Nevada. (4) Burt-Mazlum-Lavall lease on Florence Mine. (5) Baird and Duffy lease at main Florence Mine shaft. (6) Merger shaft of Goldfield Deep Mines Company of Nevada.

Fitzgerald-Svorcan Lease Ore Shipment Averages $473 Ton

As we go to press, we are authentically advised that the 53½-ton carload of ore, shipped ten days ago from the Fitzgerald-Svorcan lease on the Jumbo mine of the Goldfield Consolidated Mines Company to the Selby smelter on San Francisco Bay, yielded an average return of $473 a ton in gold, or a total of $25,305.50. These figures clearly indicate that this shipment is the most valuable carload of gold ore produced not only in Goldfield and Nevada but any camp in the western metal mining states in many years.

On Wednesday of this week, the Fitzgerald and Svorcan lease shipped a second car of about 50 tons to the Selby smelter on San Francisco bay. The car was a general clean-up of ore left on the walls and ore thrown to one side from the first shipment. The leasers call it second grade, but it is believed will average between $125 and $130 per ton.

At the present time, the winze from which the ore is coming is about 38 feet in depth. At the bottom of the winze a drift was run to the northwest. From the southeast wall of the winze to the face of the northwest drift is about 25 feet, and from the winze and drift over 100 tons have been taken of a gross value of around $30,000.

There has been practically no sorting of the ore, but it has had to be shoveled several times before it is loaded into the car for shipment.

Reports this week claim that there is some wonderful ore in the bottom. At the present point of mining the ore is changing from oxide to sulphide.

As soon as the second car was loaded, the miners were all put to work timbering and there will be no effort at further ore extraction until everything is well caught up with timber, which will probably take from four to five days along with other contemplated improvements.

HIGH SCHOOL BOYS ARE SAVING ORE IN FLORENCE

Raymond Jepperson and Albert Bradshaw, two boys just out of high school, who are leasing with W. H. Barlow in the Reilly section of the Florence mine, have saved about three tons of ore since they found a paystreak a little over a week ago. They have been working a night shift, which they never did in school, and still they say it is easier than readin' an' 'riting an' 'rithmetic.

KEEP POSTED ON MINING ACTIVITIES

Through the co-operation of the various mining companies, The Goldfield News and Weekly Tribune obtained the names and addresses of their present and former stockholders to whom sample copies of this issue of the publication are being mailed in the hope that recipients will become regular subscribers. Subscription rates are: $2.00 for one year; $1.00 for six months. For the convenience and use of those persons desiring to receive the newspaper regularly a subscription blank has been printed on the last page of this issue.

The Goldfield News and Weekly Tribune is devoted exclusively to the publication of mining news not only of the Goldfield District but all other mining centers of Nevada and other western metal [illegible] for the past six years. In [illegible] with mining companies can, by regular reading, keep themselves fully informed on all mining activities in the West.

GOLDFIELD PROSPERITY IS SHOWN IN POSTAL SAVINGS

That the depression has not hit Goldfield as hard as in other places over the country is indicated in the financial statement of the John S. Cook & Co. bank just published, which shows postal savings deposits of $25,929.89.

Goldfield Lode Continuity to Depth Proved by Deep Mines

Through its phenomenal richness, particularly in the Mohawk, Jumbo, Clermont, Combination, and Laguna mines of the Goldfield Consolidated Mines Company, the Jumbo Extension and Combination Fraction mines, as well as the Florence mine, acquired by the Goldfield Deep Mines Company of Nevada several years ago, the fame of the Goldfield Lode is known in all corners of the globe. To date it has yielded in excess of $103,000,000 in gold and is daily adding to that record through production from the Goldfield Consolidated properties and the Florence mine section of the vast estate of the Goldfield Deep Mines Company of Nevada.

The Goldfield Lode, from which [illegible] has a width varying from seventy to several hundred feet. It courses in a general north-south direction and dips to the east on an average of 30 degrees. Development and exploratory work to a depth of 1,400 feet has demonstrated beyond question that the vein is encased in certain porphyry rocks or formations alike in many respects to those of the great Comstock Lode of Nevada which to date has given to the world more than $400,000,000 in gold and silver.

Having in mind the declaration in 1865, at which time the Comstock Lode was developed only to a maximum depth of [illegible] feet by only one shaft and an average of but 500 feet by other shafts, by the late Baron von Richthofen, noted German geologist and mining engineer, that "as it has been shown that the vein was filled from a deep-seated origin, it is certain that it is continuous in depth," and the results obtained by the development at great depth of the famous and prodigious Rand Lode of South Africa, the management of the Goldfield Deep Mines Company of Nevada undertook to demonstrate a [illegible] established beyond question [illegible] of the Goldfield Lode [illegible] it to be of deep-seated [illegible] no guesswork about [illegible] of Goldfield Lode.

By correlating the dip, strike, and contours of the various formations revealed in the workings of the older mines of the Goldfield District, together with the dip and strike of the vein and rake of the orebodies found in it nearer the surface, it was clearly evident to the Goldfield Deep Mines management that the lode would be found with the same inclosing porphyry walls at depth. With this fact firmly established, the Deep Mines main vertical working shaft, three-compartment in size,

(Continued on Page 3)

SILVER PEAK MAKING RECORD GOLD OUTPUT

ESMERALDA COUNTY CAMP IS STEADY SHIPPER OF HIGH GRADE ORE

Silver Peak, in Esmeralda county, Nevada, about 35 miles west of Goldfield, is making a great record as a shipper of high grade gold ore to the Utah smelters, and will be a big factor in rolling up Esmeralda county's grand total on gold production.

The Mary mine is the principal producer. Surface outcroppings of its veins can be traced for two miles. The property was worked long before Tonopah or Goldfield was discovered and had a record production of several millions.

The mine is now being worked by the Black Mammoth Consolidated Mining Company under a long term lease, and the Black Mammoth company is sub-leasing a large area of the property.

In the Gibbs-Pitts lease, four feet of high grade milling ore has been opened at a depth that will give 1,600 feet of backs on the vein.

The Calumet Gold Mines Company, also leasing on the Mary mine, shipped 41½ tons recently that averaged $109 a ton.

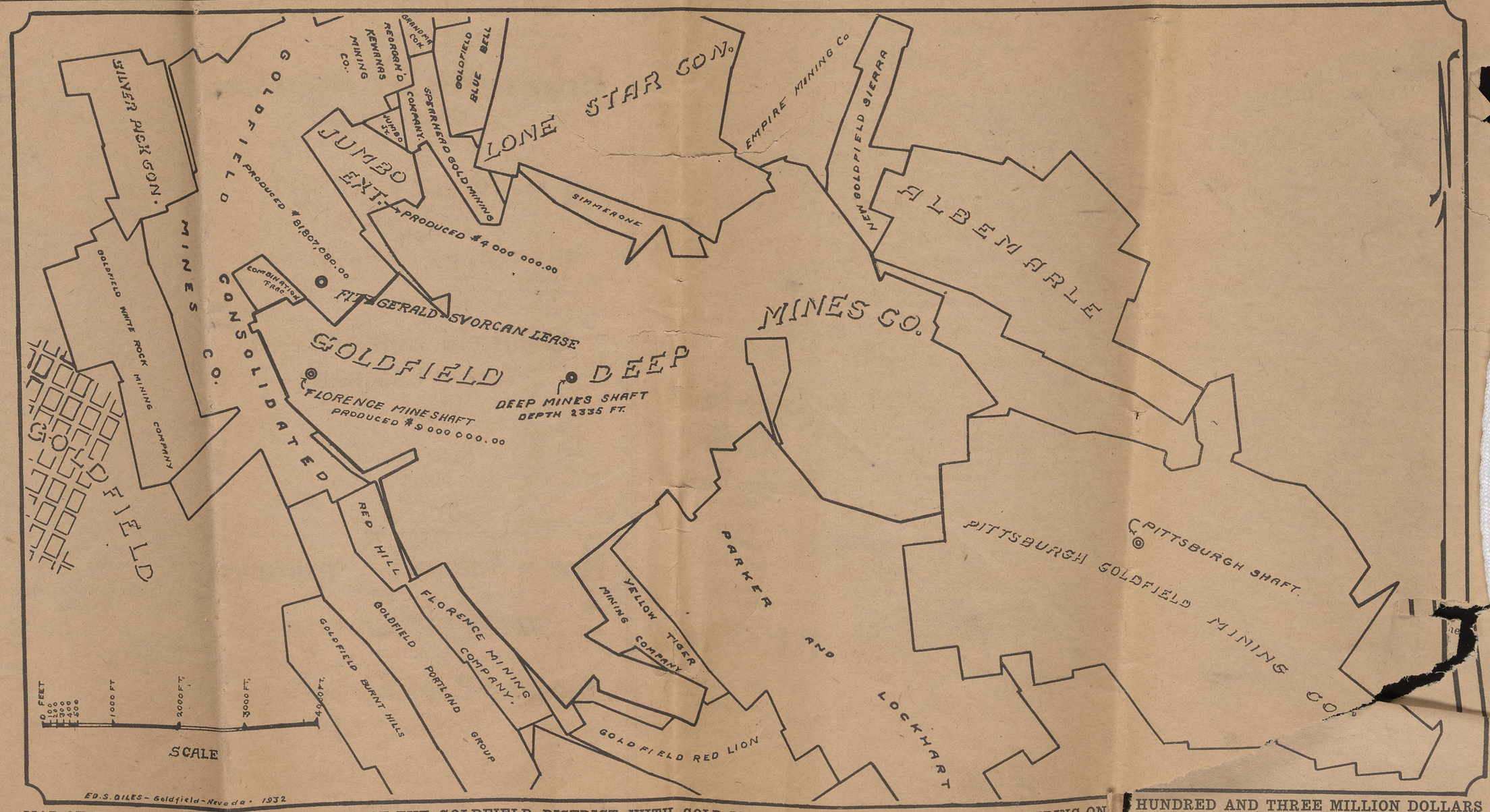
The Hill lease, on the same property, is milling from seven to eight tons a day of a good grade of milling ore at the Silver Peak mill of the Black Mammoth Company.

F. A. Vollmer, Jr., is president of the Black Mammoth Consolidated Mining Company. Men prominent in Utah copper mining have been negotiating for cotrol of the property.

During the past week, the John L. Swanson group of claims adjoining the Mary mine, was sold to a syndicate headed by Sam I. Silverman. In sinking a 20-foot shaft Swanson made a 50-ton shipment that [illegible]

LEASING IN LITTLE FLORENCE SECTION OF FLORENCE MINE

Jack Oglivie, an old time foreman on the Florence; Burt Stout and George Faust, are now leasing in the Little Florence section of the Florence mine. They are running a crosscut in the footwall section. The Florence Divide lease in 1919 produced a large tonage of high grade ore in the vicinity of where they are working.



MAP OF THE HEART CENTER OF ACTIVITY OF THE GOLDFIELD DISTRICT WITH GOLD PRODUCTION RECORD TO DATE EXCEEDING ON[illegible] HUNDRED AND THREE MILLION DOLLARS

GOLDFIELD NEWS AND WEEKLY TRIBUNE

Devoted to the Mining Interests of Nevada

Published Every Friday by
TRIBUNE PUBLISHING COMPANY

Entered at the Post Office at Goldfield, Nevada, as Second Class Matter.

ADVERTISING AGENCIES
LOS ANGELES—Dake Advertising Agency
SAN FRANCISCO, N. P. A. Bureau
NEW YORK—Lord & Thomas
CHICAGO—Lord & Thomas
PHILADELPHIA—Newell-Emmett Co.

RATES OF SUBSCRIPT ON
Weekly, Per Year $4.00
Six Months $2.00

Pioneer Newspaper of Goldfield District

Goldfield Leading

THAT Esmeralda County will in 1932 take the lead of all counties in the State of Nevada in the production of gold is the belief of all mining men who have been watching the increasing production of the yellow metal in the Goldfield district.

Goldfield was making record-breaking production when the panic came in 1907. The district was dotted with the headframes of many companies developing that never turned a wheel or set off a blast of power after the numerous bank failures of that time.

Companies that were producing ore from proven orebodies were not affected. They sent their stream of golden treasure to the mint and stockholders reaped the benefit. However, the district never received the development to which it was, and is entitled to today.

Where rich gold has been found is the place to look for more gold today. This has been proven in the past few weeks by Fitzgerald and Svorcan, two leasers whose only capital was their ability to work. They sent out a week ago to the Selby smelter a 23¾-ton carload of ore that averaged $473 a ton or a total of $25,305.50. This ore was mined without sorting. This week a second 50-ton car from the same lease followed to the smelter.

There are millions of dollars in gold to be mined in this district, which has been scarcely scratched. That the veins go to great depth has been proven by diamond drilling, and there is no reason why the values which were found nearer the surface, should not also be revealed at the lower horizon.

There has never been a gold camp in the world that produced a hundred million dollars, which this camp has exceeded, that has not yielded gold at great depth, and this camp will be no exception to the rule.

Coupled with the cheapening of gold, the increased value of $20.67 an ounce, gold mining takes its place in the front ranks of all industries. The shares of gold mines are the only issues that have held up on the boards of the stock exchanges of the United States. They have not only held their own, but have actually gained in market value as prices of other securities have tumbled.

In this issue of the Goldfield News and Weekly Tribune will be found a panoramic view of the leasing activities of the camp, a map of the district showing points of present and past great production, and pictures of the active operators and other views of interest.

—:o:—

SALE OF MINING PROPERTY NEAR SILVER PEAK

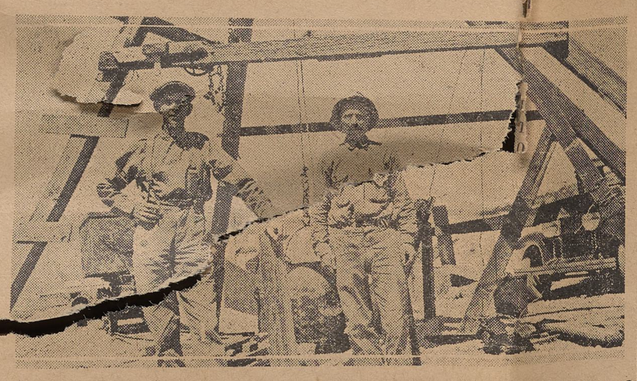
Sale of the Swanson gold find below and the Calavada, near Silver Peak, Nevada, is reported with L. G. Brodie appearing as the purchaser for $9,000 cash, says the Reno Gazette. Rumor connects Brodie with the Thomas F. Cole interests. Transfer of the ground has been pending several days or since an option was granted W. A. Sanger, the Inyo county rancher and mine operator. Sanger did not exercise his option and Brodie was given next choice.

The Swanson group of claims is very difficult of access as they are situated on the summit of a peak one and a half miles northwest from the Mary mine.

O. D. Thomas, president of the Liberty company, operating 200 feet above the Wasson level of the Mary, announces having cross-cut eight feet of ore. Two feet of the carries $164 and six feet will run $45. The company is operating a 10-stamp mill with enough ore in sight to last six months when treating 30 tons a day in the course of three shifts. Heads range from $12 to $16. Extraction is from the glory-hole section of the Mary mine high up in virgin ground going on the vein from the face of the glory-hole, it is said. President Thomas says he will ship a carload of highgrade on July 25 with the Liberty Divide [illegible] tons that averaged $12 a ton.

Until July 15 the Calavada mill will [illegible] and Louis Lozie is rebuilding [illegible] cyanide plant near the [illegible] Branchini started [illegible] cyanide plant near the [illegible] Branchini started [illegible] cyanide plant near the [illegible] Branchini started

FITZGERALD AND SVORCAN



Left to right: Edward Fitzgerald and Elai Svorcan, who have shipped within a week over 100 tons of high grade ore.

MINING PROGRESSING IN PALMETTO DISTRICT

INTERNATIONAL MINES COMPANY DEVELOPING LARGE GROUP OF CLAIMS

The Palmetto mining district, 50 miles southwest of Goldfield, is one of the oldest in southern Nevada, and claims were patented in the district in the seventies. An old smoke stack on a smelter in Palmetto canyon through which the Lida-Westgard highway passes, still stands to remind the traveler that there was once mining activity in the vicinity.

Four or five miles northeasterly from the old smelter, the International Mines Company, which is being promoted by former Texas oil men, is developing a large group of claims, many of them patented and others held by possessory title.

Work has been progressing for a little over a year and one tunnel has been driven about 600 feet to tap veins deeper than old shafts had penetrated.

Besides the main tunnel, which is known as No. 1, a tunnel, known as No. 2, has also been started, and what is known as the Diamond shaft, one of the old shafts in the district, is being deepened in order to make a connection with No. 1 tunnel.

On another patented claim, known as the Catherwood, a shaft has also been started, which the company management announces will be sunk to 200 feet.

The ores of the camp carry gold, silver and lead, and some copper, and the International Company has been negotiating for the building of a flotation mill with a view of shipping concentrates rather than crude ore.

One shipment of ore was made to a Salt Lake smelter several months ago.

GOLD IS URGED AS MEDIUM OF WORLD TRADING

An Associated Press dispatch from Basel, Switzerland, says that a call for return to the gold standard was issued today by the directors of the Bank of International Settlements with the approval of the representatives of Great Britain, Japan and Sweden, which are off gold.

The concurrence of the British, Japanese and Swedish representatives is taken as an indication that their governments intend to return to gold soon.

Montagu Norman, governor of the Bank of England and the British member of the board, was not present, but his alternate voted for the gold resolution with Mr. Norman's approval. This is the first public indication of the stand of the Bank of England since the nation went off gold last fall.

The gold resolution, adopted by unanimous vote of the board of directors, takes on added significance because of its coming on the heels of the Lousanne agreement virtually ending reparations.

The resolution declares that to restore economic normality it will be necessary for that agreement to be followed by "a satisfactory solution of the war debts." This phrase, it was explained subsequently is not aimed at the United States alone.

Gold, the resolution says, "is the best available monetary mechanism and best suited to make possible a free flow of the world's trade."

Measures to re-establish the gold standard should be prepared, the resolution says, and the directors decreed that the World Bank act as a common agency in the task of monetary reconstruction, which will begin at the projected world economic conference, to which the United States will be invited.

SINKING ON COMBINATION FRACTION

Forsyth and Brown lease on Combination Fraction and Florence, which adjoins high grade strike on Jumbo on the southeast. Left to right: Charles Forsyth and Dan Brown.

MAGMA COPPER COMPANY

The regular quarterly dividend of 12½ cents a share has been declared by Magma Copper Company of Superior, Arizona, William Koerner, manager. This duplicates the payment made for the first quarter of this year and the last quarter of 1931.

DELTA MINE

A. W. Lawe of the Delta mine in the Senator district, Prescott, Arizona, has appeared before the city council, protesting the construction of the city's check dam on the Hassayampa creek. Mr. Lawe claims a territorial right of 300 miners' inches on the Hassayampa. Mr. Lawe now has seven men employed at his mine, but low water threatens to cause cessation of further work.

LOADING HIGHGRADE

Shoveling high grade ore into truck at Fitzgerald-Svorcan lease to be conveyed and reshoveled into railroad car sent out with guard.

PIN A DOLLAR BILL

To this subscription blank and receive THE GOLDFIELD NEWS AND WEEKLY TRIBUNE for six months.

Devoted to the mining news of the West.

Only $2.00 a year—$1.00 for six months. Fill out the Coupon and mail today.

Goldfield News and Weekly Tribune,
Goldfield, Nevada:

Enclosed find $.....for which send me the Goldfield News and Weekly Tribune for.....

Name.....

GOLDFIELD OPERATORS TO WORK AT LAGUNA

COMPANY WILL USE THE LONG-HOLE DRILLING METHOD IN PROSPECTING FOR ORE

A. J. Canavan, superintendent for Goldfield Operators, Ltd., started work on the surface plant at the Laguna shaft of the Goldfield Consolidated estate this week. The big 150-horsepower motor on the hoist is being overhauled and the hoist house and yard around the headframe is being cleaned up in preparatinn for active operations.

The Laguna has one of the largest steel headframes in the district and the shaft is in excellent shape. With a little overhauling of the motor on the hoist the cages will again be traveling up and down the two working compartments.

Goldfield Operators, Ltd., has been organized to use what is known as the deep-hole drilling method for prospecting for ore and the Laguna shaft, through which a large amount of ore was formerly taken, has been selected for the first work of the new company.

CARSON CITY ASSAY OFFICE IS HANDLING MORE GOLD BULLION

The number of small individual depositors of gold bullion at the United States assay office at Carson City, Nevada, during the year ending June 30, 1932, increased to three times the number depositing in any recent year, and the value of the deposits increased 230 per cent over the previous year which in turn increased 47 per cent over the year ending June 30, 1930, it was reported by E. T. Clyde, chief assayer.

Two fine ounces is the smallest deposit received, and the metal comes in the form of retorts, bars and dust. After assaying the gold is melted into bars and shipped to a coinage mint. As soon as the bullion is assayed the owner is given a check for the amount if he is present, or it is mailed to him. Often where there is no bank in his vicinity, the assayer is instructed to deposit the check in some local bank, and that institution mails him the cash.

The deposits range from the two-ounce minimum up to between five and six thousand dollars. They have been received during the year from all excepting two of the 17 Nevada counties and from a few counties in California, Mr. Clyde stated.

Miners and leasers at Silver City [illegible] heaviest individual producing deposit in the Carson mint, while increasing shipments are being received from Osceola, Battle Mountain and Manhattan.

Some of the gold comes from very rich deposits, and Mr. Clyde told of one instance where a miner brought in $2,500 which he had mortared out of 75 pounds of quartz, and of another where a miner recovered $700 from an amount of ore which would hardly fill a bushel basket.

Banks and stores throughout the state are showing a disposition to co-operate with the miners by accepting their bullion in exchange for goods or cash, the official stated.

HOME RUN GOLD MINE

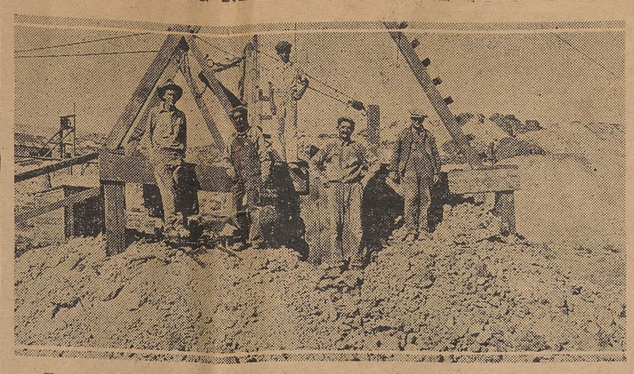
The Home Run Gold Mine, Prescott, Arizona, shipped a carload of high-grade gold ore the first of June to the Magma smelter, and expects to ship a second carload in about two weeks. New equipment recently installed includes a new hoist and pump. This mine is located in the Groom Creek district, near the Midnite Test mine, and is largely owned by William Geise and George Scholey.

BLACK BESS CONSOLIDATED

Among the new equipment which is being installed at the Black Bess Consolidated Gold Mining Company, near Ajo, Arizona, is a Chicago Pneumatic Diesel with air hoist. The company hopes to erect a 100-ton mill within the next four months.

Goldfield News and Weekly Tribune—$2 a year; $1 six months.

SINKING NEAR HIGH GRADE STRIKE



Burt, Mazlum and Lavall lease on Florence. Left to right: Elmer Burt, superintendent Goldfield Deep Mines Company; Walter Lavall, Tom Mazlum, George Mazlum and Ernie Burt.

GOLD MINING INTRIGUING

Interest in It Growing, but Few Know Anything About It

Under the heading above shown, the following communication of Stuart Croasdale, of Denver, Colorado, to the Editor of the New York Times, appeared in that publication in its issue of July 4th last:

"There seems to be no doubt about the growing interest in gold mining as an investment, but one is amazed at the lack of konwledge concerning gold mines and the lack of organized business methods for obtaining them. Apparently, capital expects to find them wrapped in cellophane and on sale at any grocery or drug store—all in running order and ready to pay dividends. People even come West fully expecting to buy mines in that condition, and when they cannot find them from a headquarters in a comfortable city hotel they say there are none.

"In the first place, gold mining is a man's job and should be placed on a manufacturing basis, just the same as any other industry. When so considered, it is in no way a gamble. Gold mining has the unique advantage of having only one determinable element, and that is the cost of operation. The market for the product is constant, the price of the metal is constant, there can be no overproduction, there is no sales resistance, and in large-scale, low-grade operations the supply and value of the raw material are constant for at least 50 to 100 years. The cost of operation is governed by the daily operating capacity, and that by the tonnage of ore available.

"Capital says that such properties do not exist. Why? Because reports on such properties never reach New York or other financial centers. No reports are ever made on them. The owner is never a wealthy man and, having no marketable ore without a large milling plant which he cannot afford to build, he cannot do the development work on his property that capital demands.

"Almost any experienced engineer knows of a number of properties that have fully as great potential value as the Alaska-Juneau or the Homestake had when they were in the undeveloped stage — properties with five to ten million tons of profitable or easily available—but it took capital and the best of technical skill to put those properties where they are today, and so it will be with the gold properties that now await development but are unkonwn to the investor, and may never be known if the present misunderstanding continues.

"Other nations are developing their gold resources and it will not be at all surprising to see a new peak made in the world gold production this year, but the United States is lagging behind. Gold is a widely distributed metal and there is plenty for all purposes if we will mine it on a manufacturing basis.

"STUART CROASDALE.
"Denver, Colo., June 27, 1932."

PROMISING ORE DEPOSIT

Small-scale operations, carried on under the direction of Engineer Ignacio Bonillas, have resulted in the discovery of a promising ore deposit in the state of Oaxaca, near the "La Trinidad" mine formerly operated by an American company. As the vein is in a mountainous region which makes present operations difficult, the yield has been limited. Engineer Bonillas proposes to organize a company which will undertake the exploitation of the vein on a large scale and provide adequate transportation facilities.

EIGHT MEN ARE WORKING AT THE CAMP OF TOLICHA

I. G. M. (Ivey) Southey of Beatty, Nevada, was in Goldfield Tuesday morning. Southey, who has been doing annual assessment work near Tolicha, 50 miles southest of Goldfield, reports that eight men are now working at the Landmark group of claims in the camp of Tolicha and that they are employed by an Idaho syndicate.

Tolicha was discovered in 1917 and created quite an interest in mining circles when George Wingfield bonded a group of claims in the camp.

BRADSHAW MAKES $30,418 CLEAN-UP IN JUNE MONTH

Bradshaw, Inc., operating at the tailings pond of the Goldfield Consolidated mill, reports a clean-up of $30,418.47 for the month of June, after treating 31,000 tons. This compares with $29,000 from the treatment of 32,000 tons in May when there was one day more.

UNITED VERDE EX. PRODUCTION

Production of copper by United Verde Extension Mining Company amounted to 3,020,000 pounds during May, against 3,370,000 in May of 1931.

Herman West
PLUMBING AND HEATING
GOLDFIELD, NEVADA

Alkali Springs
FAMOUS HOT SPRINGS RESORT
12 Miles From Goldfield
CHICKEN RAVIOLA DINNERS
Served to Order
JOE GUISTI
Proprietor

POLIN BROTHERS
TONOPAH, NEVADA
Finest Soda Fountain in Southern Nevada
CHISM'S ICE CREAM
Cigarettes, Cigars and Tobacco
Newspapers and Magazines
STATIONERY OF ALL KINDS
Headquarters for Goldfielders While Visiting Tonopah

Adams Franklin Brown
District Attorney of Esmeralda County
and General Law Practice
314 East Crook Avenue and Court House
GOLDFIELD, NEVADA
Phone 2932 — Box 161

Ed S. Giles
CONSULTING MINING ENGINEER
State Water Right Surveyor
County Surveyor
DISTRICT MAPS OF
Goldfield Klondyke Gold Mountain
Diamondfield Hornsilver Montezuma

Goldfield Drug & Jewelry Co.
Drugs and Toilet Articles
of all kinds
Prescriptions Filled by Registered Pharmacist
SODA FOUNTIAN AND ICE CREAM
Candies, Cigarettes, Cigars and Tobaccos
FELIS BUILDING — GOLDFIELD, NEVADA

J. A. Houlahan
Attorney-at-Law
OFFICE AT COURT HOUSE
GOLDFIELD NEVADA

Goldfield Meat and Grocery Co.
(Established 1905)
R. C. LAUB, Proprietor
THE HOUSE OF QUALITY AND SERVICE
Government Inspected
FRESH AND CURED MEATS
GROCERIES
FRUITS AND VEGETABLES
Goldfield, Nevada

GOLD

B. C. FORBES, noted economist and financial writer, not long ago declared in no uncertain terms that a regular old-fashioned gold boom is in the making, founded on a shortage of gold throughout the world for commercial purposes.

MR. FORBES knew whereof he spoke. He, like every other student of the times, fully realizes that the interest of the general public in gold mining and gold mining shares is greater today than for more than a decade past. That interest is steadily increasing.

GOLD MINING speculation is entering a new cycle. The time to buy gold mining issues and reap therefrom the greatest possible profits is in the first stages of that cycle.

I RECOMMEND the purchase of Goldfield Deep Mines Company of Nevada stock at 20c a share as an outstanding speculation of unusual potentialities. Its shares have recently been changed from an assessable to a FULLY-PAID and NON-ASSESSABLE basis. For persons who have heretofore invested in the shares of this corporation I have valuable information as to "rights." Such information and literature on the Company will be mailed upon request, free of cost and without obligation.

FURTHERMORE, I invite all persons who are at present, or who have been in the past, financially interested in any Goldfield mine or mining company to write me for information which may prove of value to them. Such information will also be supplied by me, free of cost and without obligation.

RAY D. HARRIS
Dealer in Mines and Mining Securities
GOLDFIELD, NEVADA

ALASKA METAL MINES, INC.
P.O. BOX 12012 - TUCSON, ARIZONA 85711 - U.S.A.

Pictures —

1881

227

227

١٣٤

227

188

227

LEE

1 Le

علی

Lille

227

Lee